

### Day - 1

#### Introduction to 'C'

- Parts of C program
  - o Pre-processor
  - o Header file
  - o main() Single point of Entry
  - Block of Code { }
- Literal vs constants vs variables
- Data types
- Structured Programming Language
- Constructs flow
  - o If.
  - o If.. else
  - o Combining the if..else
    - Cascade
    - Nest
- Operators
  - Arithmetic +,- , \*,/,%
  - o Relational <,>,<=,>=,!=
  - o Increment, decrement
  - Logical &&,||,!
  - Assignment operators =, += ,-= ,\*=,/=,&=
  - o Sizeof() compile time operator (Differentiator)
- Simple programs
  - printf() print formatted
  - Syntax of printf()
  - Even or Odd
  - Negative / positive / neutral
  - o Divisibility of numbers
    - Divisibility of 2
      - Use modulo operator
      - Use bitwise operator
    - Divisibility of 3, 4, 5, 6 ... 11(Differentiator)



## Day - 2 & 3

- Switch
- Loop constructs
  - o Entry check, exit check
  - While, do..while, for(self documented while)
  - o For syntax differentiator
  - o Infinite loop
- Lvalue / Rvalue (Differentiator)
- Lvalue required error
- Programs
  - o month print / nod in month
  - o multiplication table
  - o no of digits, sum of digits
  - o Reverse a number
  - Factors
    - Print all factors
    - Sum of Factors
    - Number of Factors
    - Perfect number
    - Amicable numbers
    - Optimization (Differentiator)
  - o Prime numbers
  - Factorial
  - o Armstrong
  - Strong numbers
  - o Generation of all of them
  - o Optimization



## Day - 4

- Functions
  - O What is function?
  - Naming convention
  - Syntax
  - o Parts of function
  - o Return type and parameter
  - o Actual / formal parameters
  - Call by value / reference
- Convert all the programs into functions
- Memory Map of an executable file (Differentiator)
- Storage class
  - o Auto
  - Static
  - Extern
  - o Register

# Day - 5

- Array
  - o [] operator
  - Accessing method
  - o Initialization
  - Traversal
- Problems in array
  - o 5 Easy Problems
  - o 3 Average level problems
  - o 1 Difficult level Problem
- Pointers
  - Definition
  - Advantage of pointer
    - Speed
    - Size
    - Call by reference
    - Dynamic memory allocation
    - Address as a Data Type



### Day - 6

- Pointers vs array
- Array as a pointer and Pointer as an array
- Variable Length Array (Differentiator)
- String functions
  Pointer arithmetic

Problems in Arrays - Strings

- strlen(), strupr(), strlwr(), strcpy(), strcmp(), strcat(), strrev(), strchr(), strstr()
- Remove vowels
- Remove Duplicate Characters

#### **Additional Problems Covered**

- Backtracking
- 3 Problems

#### **Financials**

INR **2000**/- per student

With Regards

**Sridhar Arumugasamy**